

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re: Ryu et al.

Serial No.: To Be Assigned

Filed: Concurrently herewith

For: SILICON CARBIDE POWER METAL-OXIDE SEMICONDUCTOR FIELD  
EFFECT TRANSISTORS HAVING A SHORTING CHANNEL AND  
METHODS OF FABRICATING SILICON CARBIDE METAL-OXIDE  
SEMICONDUCTOR FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS HAVING A  
SHORTING CHANNEL

Date: July 26, 2001

BOX PATENT APPLICATION

Commissioner for Patents

Washington, DC 20231

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Sir:

Please make the following amendments to the present application prior to examination and prior to calculation of any fees. Applicants provide attached hereto an appendix entitled "VERSION WITH MARKINGS SHOWING CHANGES" showing the changes made by the present Preliminary Amendment.

**In the Specification:**

Please replace the paragraph beginning at Page 18, line 27 with the following paragraph:

**Figure 8F** illustrates the formation and patterning of the gate oxide **28**. The gate oxide is preferably thermally grown and is a nitrided oxide. The nitrided oxide may be any suitable gate oxide, however, SiO<sub>2</sub>, oxynitride or ONO may be preferred. Formation of the gate oxide or the initial oxide of an ONO gate dielectric is preferably followed by an anneal in N<sub>2</sub>O or NO so as to reduce defect density at the SiC/oxide interface. In particular embodiments, the gate oxide is formed either by thermal growth or deposition and then annealed in an N<sub>2</sub>O environment at a temperature of greater than about 1100 °C and flow rates of from about 2 to about 8 SLM which may provide initial residence times of the N<sub>2</sub>O of from about 11 to about 45 seconds. Such formation and annealing of an oxide layer on silicon carbide are described in commonly assigned United States Patent Application Serial No. 09/834,283, entitled "Method of N<sub>2</sub>O Annealing an Oxide Layer on a Silicon Carbide Layer" (Attorney Docket No. 5308-157) or as described in United States Provisional Application Serial

No. 60/294,307 entitled "Method of N<sub>2</sub>O Growth of an oxide layer on a Silicon Carbide Layer" filed May 30, 2001, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference as if set forth fully herein. Additionally, an N<sub>2</sub>O grown oxide may also be utilized as described in J. P. Xu, P. T. Lai, C. L. Chan, B. Li, and Y. C. Cheng, "Improved Performance and Reliability of N<sub>2</sub>O-Grown Oxynitride on 6H-SiC," IEEE Electron Device Letters, Vol. 21, No. 6, pp. 298-300, June 2000. Techniques as described in L. A. Lipkin and J. W. Palmour, "Low interface state density oxides on p-type SiC," Materials Science Forum Vols. 264-268, pp. 853-856, 1998 may also be utilized. Alternatively, for thermally grown oxides, a subsequent NO anneal of the thermally grown SiO<sub>2</sub> layer may be provided to reduce the interface trap density as is described in M. K. Das, L. A. Lipkin, J. W. Palmour, G. Y. Chung, J. R. Williams, K. McDonald, and L. C. Feldman, "High Mobility 4H-SiC Inversion Mode MOSFETs Using Thermally Grown, NO Annealed SiO<sub>2</sub>," IEEE Device Research Conference, Denver, CO, June 19-21, 2000; G. Y. Chung, C. C. Tin, J. R. Williams, K. McDonald, R. A. Weller, S. T. Pantelides, L. C. Feldman, M. K. Das, and J. W. Palmour, "Improved Inversion Channel Mobility for 4H-SiC MOSFETs Following High Temperature Anneals in Nitric Oxide," IEEE Electron Device Letters accepted for publication; and G. Y. Chung, C. C. Tin, J. R. Williams, K. McDonald, M. Di Ventra, S. T. Pantelides, L. C. Feldman, and R. A. Weller, "Effect of nitric oxide annealing on the interface trap densities near the band edges in the 4H polytype of silicon carbide," Applied Physics Letters, Vol. 76, No. 13, pp. 1713-1715, March 2000. Oxynitrides may be provided as described in United States Patent Application Serial No. 09/878,442, entitled "High Voltage, High Temperature Capacitor Structures and Methods of Fabrication" filed June 11, 2001, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference as if set forth fully herein.

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Page 3 of 5

**In the Claims:**

Please cancel the second occurrence of Claim 66 on page 53 at line 24.

Please add the following Claim 90:

90. (New) The method of Claim 61, wherein the third mask is patterned so that the second regions of n-type silicon carbide extend a distance of from about 0.5  $\mu\text{m}$  to about 5  $\mu\text{m}$  from the first regions of n-type silicon carbide to the peripheries of the first regions of p-type silicon carbide.

**REMARKS**

Applicants provide the present Preliminary Amendment to insert serial numbers of applications referred to in the specification and to correct a double numbering of Claim 66. Applicants have eliminated the two Claims 66 by canceling the second occurrence of Claim 66 on page 35 of the specification and adding new Claim 90 which corresponds to the canceled second occurrence of Claim 66.

Respectfully submitted,



Timothy J. O'Sullivan  
Registration No. 35,632

**Customer Number:**



20792

PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

**CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAILING**

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Traci A. Brown  
Date of Signature: July 24, 2001  
204953

**VERSION WITH MARKINGS SHOWING CHANGES**

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